

innINTERESTING

INNOVATIVE FUTURE-PROOF TESTING METHODS FOR
RELIABLE CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN WIND TURBINES



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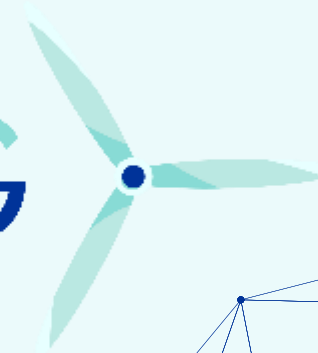
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Review of the case studies

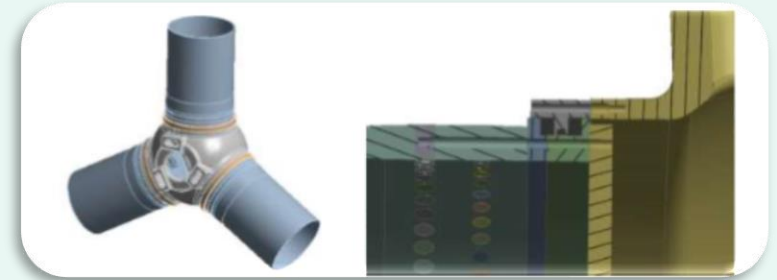
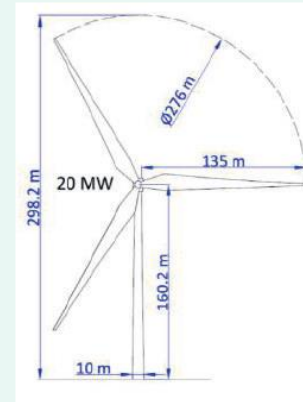
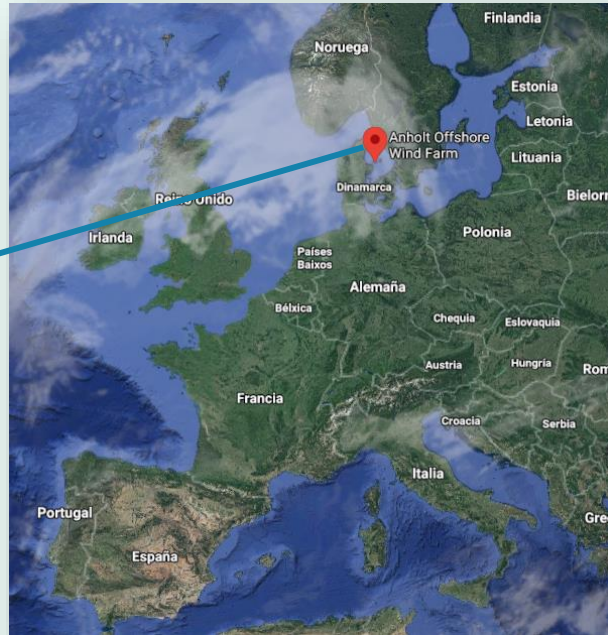
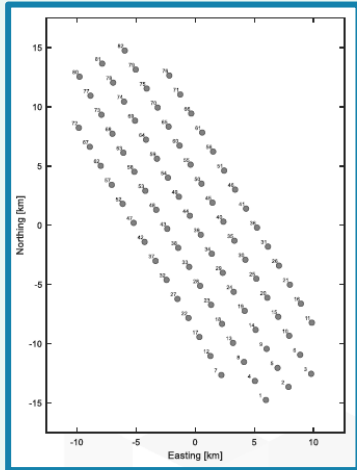


CS1 Novel pitch bearing design
concept for a 20 MW offshore
wind turbine



CASE STUDY 1: PITCH BEARING FOR A 20 MW OFFSHORE (2030-2050)

- CS1 is based on a pitch bearing that will be installed in a **20 MW wind turbine** from the year 2030 onwards.
- Reference wind farm with a size of **2.04 GW** and **102 turbines**: Wind farm location **Anholt Offshore Wind Farm**
- The wind turbine will be based on the 20 MW RWT (from upscaling the DTU 10MW reference wind turbine), with a hub height of 160, rotor diameter of 276 m
- Pitch bearing diameter of 7 m. and required lifetime **40 years**.
- Loads: DLCs from IEC 61400



Some other environmental condition requirements are included in the next list:

- o Surrounding temperatures in the range of -30°C (243K) to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ (323K) and humidity up to 100% for operational conditions.
- o Surrounding temperatures in a range of -45°C (228K) to $+55^{\circ}\text{C}$ (328K) and humidity up to 100% for survival conditions.
- o Ozone and ultraviolet radiation protection.
- o Salinity: 35 mug/m³
- o Solar radiation: 1000W/m²
- o Salt, sand, and general dirt particles in the air.
- o Lightning strike possibility

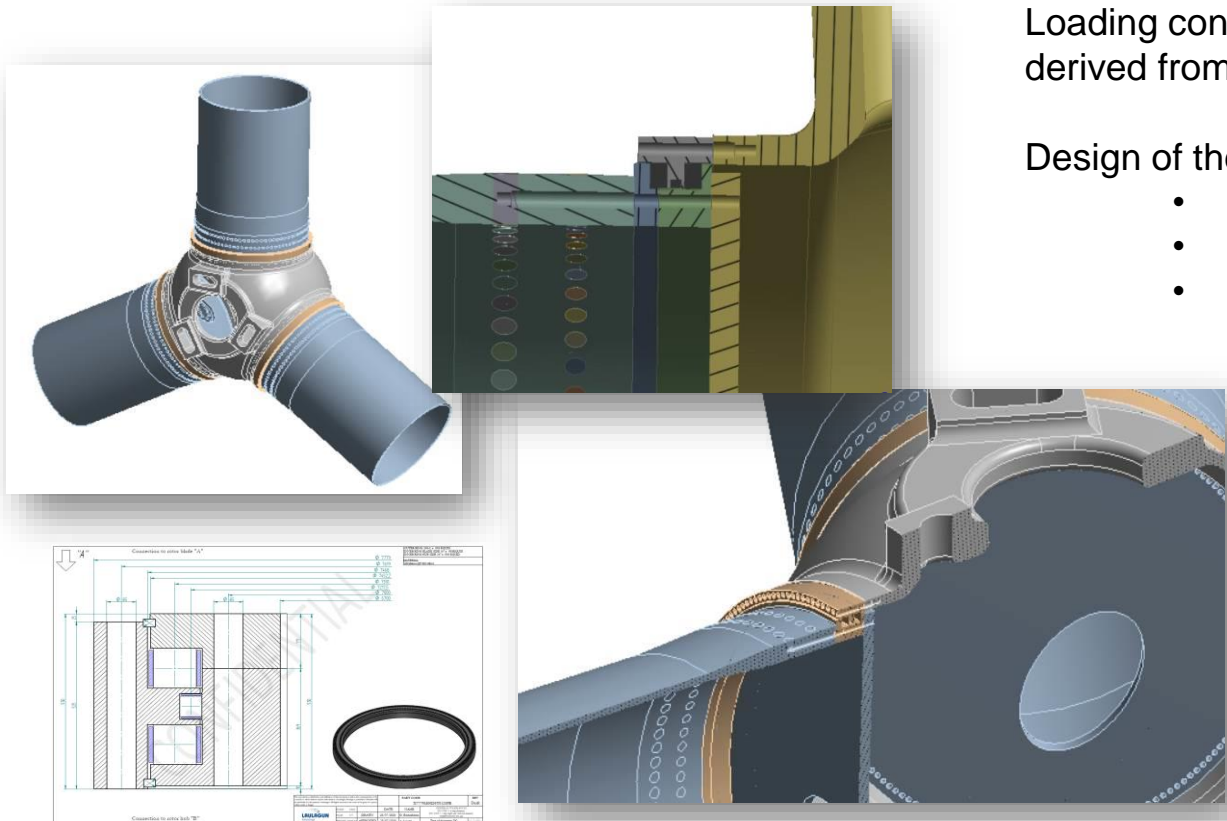


The component must fulfil the regulations in force

CASE STUDY 1: PITCH BEARING DESIGN



- The **innovative rolling element concept** will try to improve and reduce the loading pressure profile on the raceway surface.
 - A **patent was expected before December 2020**, but finally, this idea **was rejected after receiving the review from patent agents (risk foreseen in the proposal)**: Roller to test: optimized logarithmic profile roller.

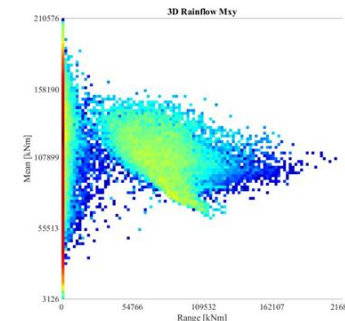


Loading conditions: using an OpenFAST model (20MW wind turbine model has been derived from upscaling the DTU 10MW reference wind turbine in the Inwind project).

Design of the bearing/hub/connections (20 MW- 7 m \varnothing)

- Rolling elements/ raceways
- Static/dynamic criteria
- Bolt connections (M80)

Challenge: Test Roller diameter: \varnothing 125mm



Analysed failure mode is denominated as roller break



CS1: INTERESTING APPROACH

Downscaling tests:

The roller concept is validated in a 400 Tn. test bench using a simplified test. Roller \varnothing 64 mm

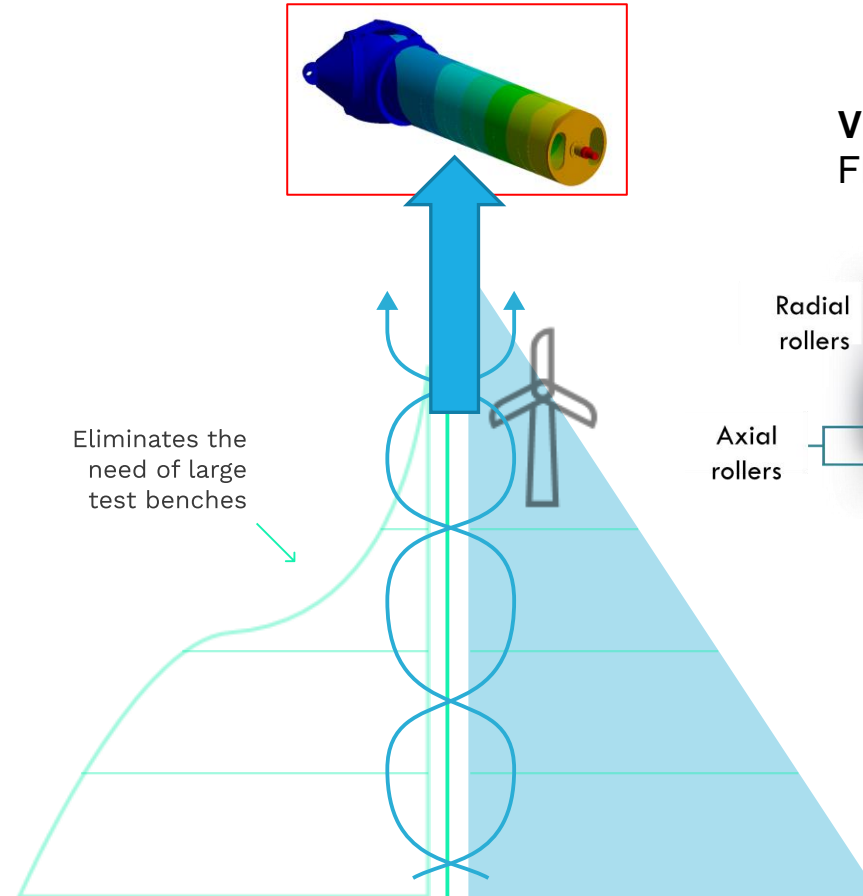
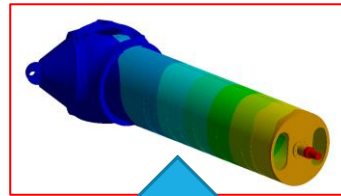
Roller to test: optimized logarithmic profile roller.



Pressure distribution

\varnothing 125

Upscaled models



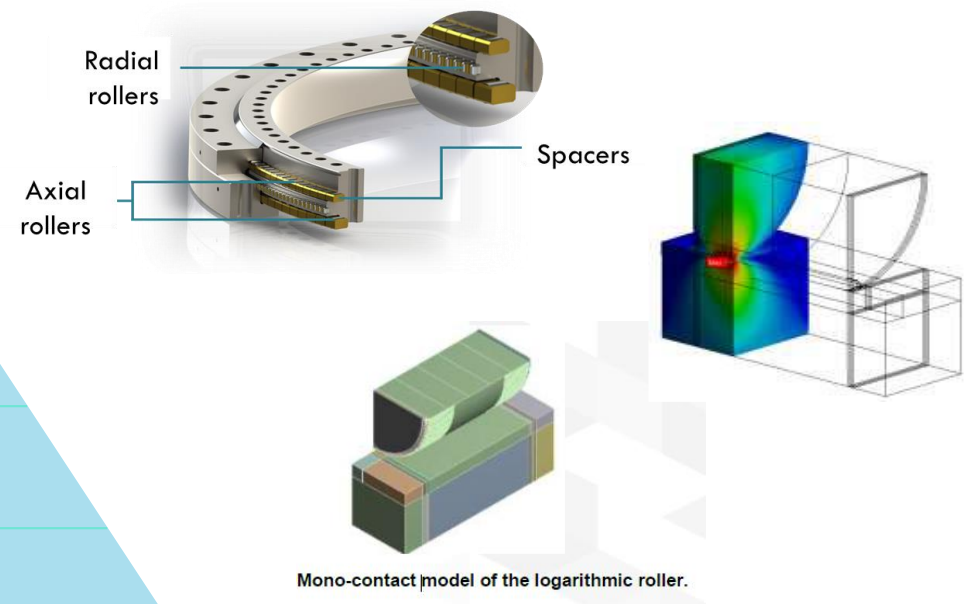
A-Simplified tailored physical testing

C-Smart fusion towards upscaling

B-Advanced virtual testing

Virtual methodologies:

FEM methodology to obtain the **optimize profile**



Mono-contact model of the logarithmic roller.

CS1: ININTERESTING APPROACH



Validation ININTERESTING APPROACH Test bench (downscale) in a realistic scale:

